



ResApp to Present at ShareCafe Investor Webinar

Brisbane, Australia, 17 July 2020 – ResApp Health Limited (ASX:RAP), a leading digital health company developing smartphone applications for the diagnosis and management of respiratory disease, is pleased to advise shareholders and investors that ResApp CEO and Managing Director, Tony Keating, will present at the ShareCafe Micro/Small Cap “Hidden Gems” webinar to be held at 12:30pm AEST on Friday the 17th of July. A copy of the presentation is attached.

The event is free and investors can register online to view the presentation here:

<https://www.resapphealth.com.au/sharecafe/>

After registering attendees will receive an email with all login details (a website link or phone dial in details). A recorded copy of the webinar will be made available following the event.

###

About ResApp Health Limited

ResApp Health Limited (ASX: RAP) is a leading digital health company developing smartphone applications for the diagnosis and management of the respiratory disease. ResApp’s machine learning algorithms use sound to diagnose and measure the severity of respiratory conditions without the need for additional accessories or hardware. ResApp’s regulatory-approved and clinically validated products include ResAppDx, a smartphone-based acute respiratory disease diagnostic test for use in telehealth, emergency department and primary care settings; and SleepCheck, a smartphone application which allows consumers to self-assess their risk of sleep apnoea. Both products are CE Marked in Europe and TGA approved in Australia. For more information, please visit www.resapphealth.com.au.

Contacts

Dr Tony Keating
CEO and Managing Director
+61 430 180 659
tony@resapphealth.com.au

Mr Brian Leedman
Vice President, Corporate Affairs
+61 412 281 780
brian@resapphealth.com.au

This ASX announcement was approved and authorised for release by the board of directors of ResApp Health.



*Digital Health
for Respiratory Disease*

Investor Presentation
17 July 2020

Disclaimer

This presentation has been prepared by ResApp Health Limited ("ResApp"). The information contained in this presentation is a professional opinion only and is given in good faith. Certain information in this document has been derived from third parties and though ResApp has no reason to believe that it is not accurate, reliable or complete, it has not been independently audited or verified by ResApp.

Any forward-looking statements included in this document involve subjective judgment and analysis and are subject to uncertainties, risks and contingencies, many of which are outside the control of, and may be unknown to, ResApp. In particular, they speak only as of the date of this document, they assume the success of ResApp's strategies, and they are subject to significant regulatory, business, competitive and economic uncertainties and risks. Actual future events may vary materially from the forward-looking statements and the assumptions on which the forward-looking statements are based. Recipients of this document (Recipients) are cautioned to not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. ResApp makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of information in this document and does not take responsibility for updating any information or correcting any error or omission which may become apparent after this document has been issued.

The information in this presentation is an overview and does not contain all information necessary to make an investment decision. It is intended to constitute a summary of certain information relating to the performance of ResApp. The information in this presentation is of a general nature and does not purport to be complete. This presentation should be read in conjunction with ResApp's other periodic and continuous disclosure announcements, which are available at <https://www.resapphealth.com.au/investor-relations/asx-announcements/>.

To the extent permitted by law, ResApp and its officers, employees, related bodies corporate and agents (Agents) disclaim all liability, direct, indirect or consequential (and whether or not arising out of the negligence, default or lack of care of ResApp and/or any of its Agents) for any loss or damage suffered by a Recipient or other persons arising out of, or in connection with, any use or reliance on this presentation or information.

This presentation is not an offer, invitation, solicitation or recommendation with respect to the subscription for, purchase or sale of any security, and neither this presentation nor anything in it shall form the basis for any contract or commitment whatsoever.

All amounts in Australian dollars unless stated otherwise.

Who We Are: ResApp Health

- The leading digital health company commercialising *regulatory-approved* and *clinically validated* respiratory disease tools that only require a smartphone
- Industry-leading product pipeline:
 - ResAppDx, the first and only smartphone-based diagnostic test for acute respiratory disease → recently launched on telehealth platforms
 - SleepCheck, the first and only direct-to-consumer sleep apnoea screening app → now available on the App Store
 - R&D in COPD and asthma management, consumer health and wearable devices



Corporate Overview

Capital Structure (ASX:RAP)

Market Cap. as of 16 July 2020	\$110M
Share Price as of 16 July 2020	\$0.145
Shares on Issue	755M
Incentive Options¹	28M
Cash Balance as of 31 March 2020	\$6.9M + \$1.4M received from options exercise in July

1. Issued to directors, staff and scientific advisory board with various vesting conditions

Board of Directors

Roger Aston, Ph.D. Non-Executive Chairman
(Chairman of PharmAust and Immuron, Non-Exec. Director of Oncosil Medical, formerly CEO of Mayne Pharma, Cambridge Antibody, co-founder of pSivida)

Tony Keating, Ph.D. Managing Director and CEO
(formerly Director, Commercial Engagement at UniQuest, engineering management roles with Exa Corporation)

Dr Michael Stein, Ph.D. Non-Executive Director
(Acting CEO of Valo Therapeutics, formerly co-founder of The Map of Medicine, founding CEO of Doctor Care Anywhere and OxStem)

Chris Ntoumenopoulos Non-Executive Director
(Managing Director at Twenty 1 Corporate, Non-Exec. Director at Race Oncology, formerly at Citigroup, Indian Ocean Capital and CPS Capital)

Substantial Shareholders*

Fidelity International: 9.48%

Freeman Road: 6.25%

Ian Francis Reynolds: 5.30%

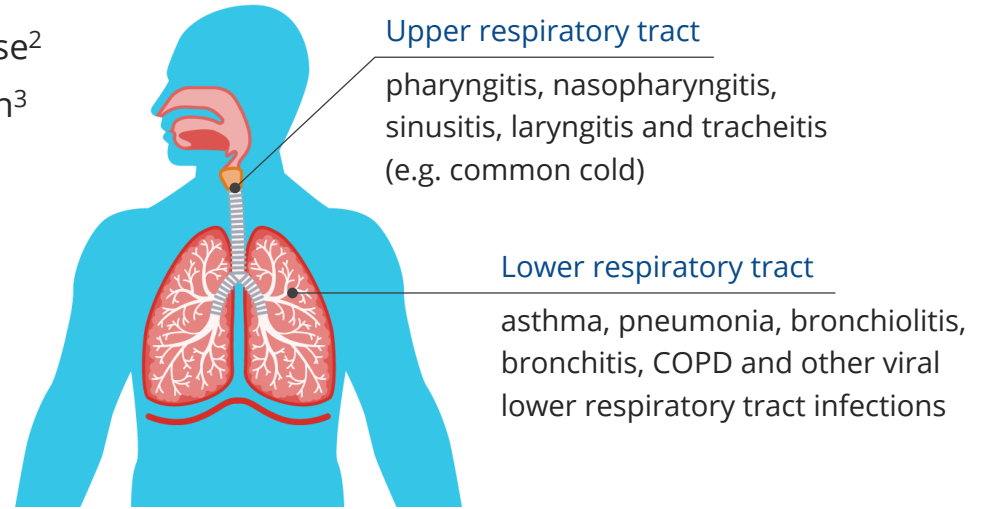
* Based on Substantial Shareholder Notices lodged by the respective holders

A Leading Digital Respiratory Disease Portfolio

		Proof-of-concept	Large-scale studies	Pivotal studies	Regulatory submission	Commercialisation	Status / Next Milestone
Acute Respiratory Disease	Paediatric diagnosis						Launched in July on two Australian telehealth platforms
	Adult diagnosis						
	Consumer health						MOU signed with RB
Chronic Respiratory Disease	COPD management						Identification of COPD & asthma exacerbations approved for clinical use in Europe and Australia
	Asthma management						
	COPD screening						Preparing CE Mark Tech File
Other Indications	Sleep apnoea						Now available on the App Store

Respiratory Disease Diagnosis is the Most Common Outcome from a Doctor Visit¹

- 700M+ doctor visits p.a. for respiratory disease²
- Most common reasons for hospital admission³
 - Bronchiolitis (infants)
 - Asthma and pneumonia (children)
 - Pneumonia and COPD (older adults)
- High prevalence and growth in Asia
 - 100M adults in China with COPD⁴



Diagnosed today using stethoscope, imaging, spirometry, blood and/or sputum tests

→ **Time consuming, expensive, subjective and inaccurate**

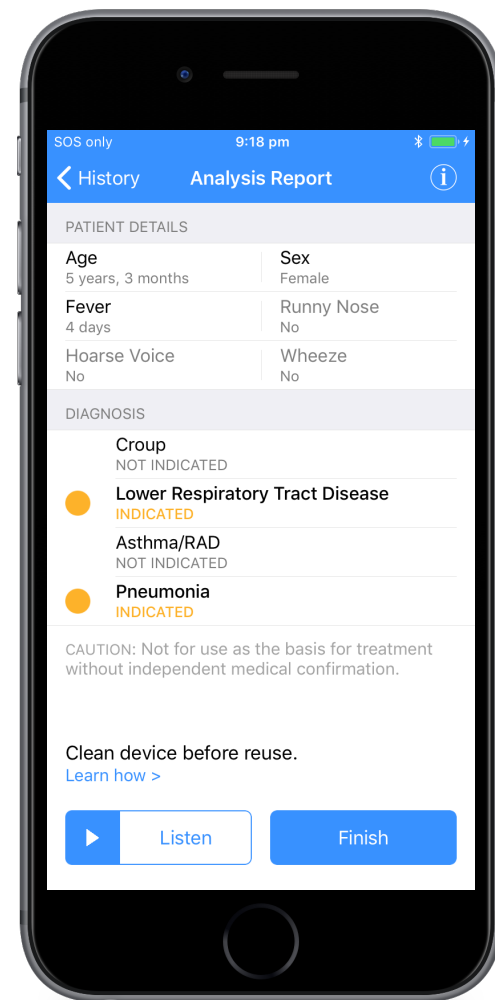
ResAppDx Smartphone App

Rapid point-of-care diagnosis

- Machine learning technology using signatures in cough sounds to diagnose respiratory disease
- Uses the built-in microphone
 - No additional hardware required
 - Real-time on-device analysis
- CE Marked and TGA approved as a Class 2a medical device
- Underpinned by growing patent portfolio and data assets
 - Core patent granted in US, Australia, South Korea and Japan¹, pending in Europe and China; six additional patent applications
 - Proprietary data set of 6,000+ patients' cough and breathing sounds with matching clinical signs, symptoms and diagnosis



1. US Patent No. 10,098,569, Australian Patent No. 2013239327, Japanese Patent No. 6,435,257, South Korea Patent Application No. 1020147030062 (granted).



Validated in Clinical Studies in Australia and the US

Paediatric

Breathe Easy

ANZCTR: ACTRN12618001521213

585 patient, double-blind, prospective study at two Australian hospitals complete

83-97% PPA and 81-91% NPA compared to clinical diagnosis for lower respiratory tract disease, croup, bronchiolitis, pneumonia and asthma/RAD

Results published in *Respiratory Research*¹

SMARTCOUGH-C-2

ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT03392363

1,470 patient, double-blind, prospective study at MGH, Cleveland Clinic and Texas Children's Hospital complete

73-77% PPA and 70-86% NPA compared to clinical diagnosis for upper respiratory tract disease, LRTD, croup and asthma/RAD

Pneumonia and bronchiolitis <70% PPA and NPA due to clinical practice differences between US and Australia

Presented at ATS 2019, Dallas, TX

Adult

Breathe Easy

ANZCTR: ACTRN12618001521213

979 patient, double-blind prospective study complete

86-88% PPA and 87-89% NPA compared to clinical diagnosis for lower respiratory tract disease and pneumonia

83-89% PPA and 84-91% NPA compared to clinical diagnosis for acute exacerbations of COPD and asthma

86% PPA and 85% NPA for population screening of COPD

Presented at ERS 2019, Spain and APSR 2019, Vietnam

Telehealth is the Fastest Growing Area of Healthcare

1 Large addressable market

400M 

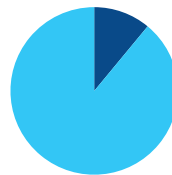
150M 

GP visits could be replaced by telehealth^{1,2}

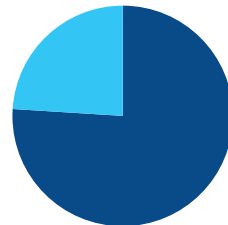
4B 

projected annual telehealth consults by 2026³

2 High consumer demand



11%
used telehealth in 2019



76%
now interested in telehealth going forward⁴

3 Lower cost of care

US\$472

cost savings per visit⁵

£7.5B

estimated annual savings to the NHS⁶

4 Payer coverage



37 states and DC have **parity laws** which mandate private payer reimbursement for telehealth



All patients will have the right to online consultations by April 2020 and video consultation by April 2021⁷

COVID-19 Has Accelerated Telehealth Adoption



1 billion

virtual visits predicted for 2020¹

Providers have seen **50-175x** telehealth visits than pre-COVID²



1.1 billion

visitors to Ping An Good Doctor's online platform from Jan 20 to Feb 10³

Ping An Good Doctor had **266 million** online consultations in 2019⁴



71%

of all GP visits in April were remote (compared to 25% pre-COVID)⁵

(out of **300 million** GP visits per year in the UK)



35%

of all GP visits in May were remote (compared to 0.1% pre-COVID)⁶

(out of **120 million** GP visits per year in Australia)

ResAppDx Enables Telehealth with Remote Diagnosis

- Up to half of all telehealth visits are for respiratory disease^{1,2}
- Today, there is no ability to use a stethoscope and **no accurate remote diagnosis tools available**
- ResAppDx is integrated into telehealth software platforms providing a **software-only remote diagnostic test**
- Launched on Phenix Health and CoviU's platforms
- Per test fee received by ResApp undisclosed (within targeted range of \$5-10 per test)

The screenshot shows a mobile application interface titled "Symptoms Check". It asks the user, "Are you or the person the appointment is for experiencing any of these symptoms?". Below this, there is a list of symptoms: Fever, Coughing, Difficulty breathing, Shortness of breath, Runny nose, and Sore throat. There are two radio button options: "Yes" (selected) and "No". Below the options, a text block states: "This clinic requests that a cough test using ResAppDx is completed prior to your call so that it can help your doctor make an accurate diagnosis." Another question follows: "Do you have access to an iPhone?", with "Yes" (selected) and "No" radio button options. A "Next" button with a right arrow is at the bottom right of the form. At the very bottom of the screen, it says "Powered by ResApp Health" and includes a disclaimer: "ResApp Health does not collect, store or use any of your personal information, please view our [privacy policy](#)."

ResAppDx Targets Multiple Market Segments

	Telehealth	Clinical use	Developing world	Direct-to-consumer
<i>Market size</i>	700M doctor visits in OECD for respiratory disease p.a. ¹		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1M child deaths due to pneumonia p.a.² • 151M cases of pneumonia in developing countries p.a.² 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 728M iPhone users³ • 2B+ Android users⁴ • mHealth app market to grow to \$31B by end 2020⁵
<i>Value proposition</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Only clinically-accurate remote diagnostic tool ✓ Easily integrated 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Faster triage ✓ Reduced costs due to unnecessary testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Low cost, accurate & fast ✓ Usable by non-medical personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Convenient ✓ Low cost ✓ Consumer empowerment
<i>Commercial strategy</i>	Partner with telehealth providers	Initial use in emergency departments (ED), extending to regular clinics	Partner with leading international aid agencies to equip field personnel	Direct to consumer sales and marketing
<i>Revenue model</i>	\$5-\$10 per test fee from telehealth providers	\$5-\$10 per test fee from healthcare payors	annual subscription from aid agencies	download and subscription fees direct from consumers
<i>Status</i>	Now available on Phenix and CoviU's telehealth platforms in Australia	Approvals for health-economic evaluations in the UK and Germany	Partnership with Ilara Health (Kenya)	Partnership with RB

Improving Chronic Disease Management

- 339M people have asthma¹
 - \$80B+ p.a. US economic burden (2013)²
 - Poor medication adherence
- 251M people have COPD³
 - Emphysema and chronic bronchitis, primarily caused by smoking
 - 3.17M people died of COPD in 2015, 5% of all deaths globally



1 in 7 children has asthma⁴



1 in 5 adults over 45 has COPD⁵

- Measure severity, without the cost of hardware or the need to carry an extra device
 - Accurately identified COPD/asthma exacerbations (>83% PPA and >84% NPA in prospective study)
 - Accurately identified asthmatic children requiring treatment (94% accuracy in proof-of-concept study)

Sleep Apnoea is the Most Common Sleep Breathing Disorder¹ and is Significantly Underdiagnosed

- 3 in 10 men and 2 in 10 women have sleep apnoea²
- 80% of adults with sleep apnoea are undiagnosed³
- Linked to heart disease, stroke and type 2 diabetes⁴
- Major barriers to diagnosis:

Sleep laboratory polysomnography (PSG)	Requires referral Long wait times \$600-\$5,000 per test Uncomfortable & unfamiliar environment
Home sleep testing (HST)	Requires referral & training Up to 18% failure rate ⁵ \$150-\$500 per test Uncomfortable



1. American Thoracic Society, Breathing in America: Diseases, Progress and Hope, <https://www.thoracic.org/patients/patient-resources/breathing-in-america/resources/chapter-23-sleep-disordered-breathing.pdf>

2. Peppard et al., Increasing prevalence of sleep-disordered breathing in adults, *Am J Epidemiol* 177(9), 2013

3. Frost & Sullivan, Hidden Health Crisis Costing America Billions, <https://aasm.org/resources/pdf/sleep-apnea-economic-crisis.pdf>

4. American Academy of Sleep Medicine, Severe obstructive sleep apnea hurts hearts, <https://aasm.org/severe-obstructive-sleep-apnea-hurts-hearts/>

5. Clinical Guidelines for the Use of Unattended Portable Monitors in the Diagnosis of Obstructive Sleep Apnea in Adult Patients, American Academy of Sleep Medicine

Introducing SleepCheck

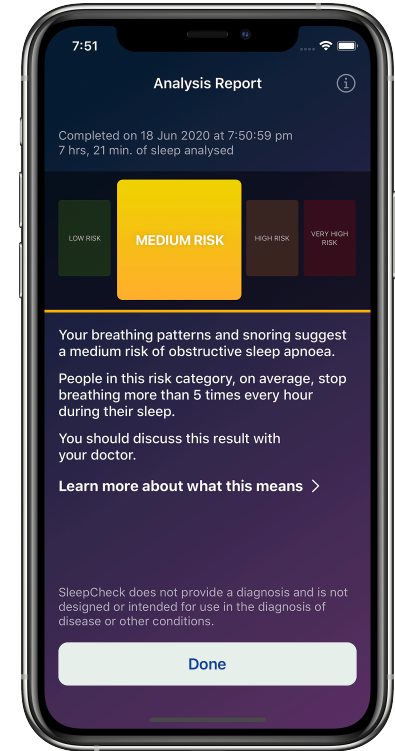
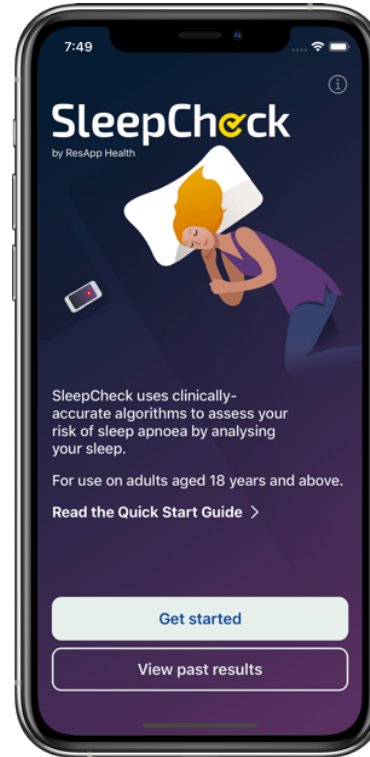
At-home sleep apnoea screening using only a smartphone

- Direct-to-consumer, no doctor's referral needed
- Validated in a large clinical study
- CE Marked and TGA approved as a Class 1 medical device
- No wires, no cuffs, no attachments



Now available on the App Store in Australia and the UK

* Coming soon in additional countries and on Android



Summary

- ResAppDx, an acute respiratory disease diagnostic test for clinical use
 - Now available on multiple telehealth platforms in Australia
 - **Focus this quarter on expanding availability in Australia and partnering in UK/Europe**
 - Additional opportunities in in-person care and emerging markets
 - Working closely with a global health products manufacturer to develop a direct-to-consumer app
- SleepCheck, a direct-to-consumer sleep apnoea screening app
 - Available now for iPhone on the App Store in Australia and the UK
 - **Marketing campaign to launch in the first week of August**
 - Product updates, Android support and additional countries to follow
- Industry leading product pipeline with near, mid- and long-term opportunities
 - Chronic respiratory disease screening and management
 - Low cost handheld device and wearables with CE Marking planned for Q1 FY2021

Detailed Clinical Study Data

Australian Blinded Prospective Paediatric Clinical Study

Breathe Easy Paediatric Study

(ANZCTR: ACTRN12618001521213)

- Double-blind, prospective study of 585 patients, aged 29 days to 12 years, presenting with signs and symptoms of respiratory disease at two Australian hospital sites
- Comparison to clinical diagnosis (including CXR, lab tests) formed by clinical adjudication committee

Porter, P et al., A prospective multicentre study testing the diagnostic accuracy of an automated cough sound centred analytic system for the identification of common respiratory disorders in children, Respiratory Research 20(18), 2019.

	Patients ¹		Positive Percent Agreement ² (95% CI)	Negative Percent Agreement ² (95% CI)
	Y	N		
Lower respiratory tract disease	419	154	83% (79-86%)	82% (75-88%)
Asthma/reactive airways disease	149	381	97% (92-99%)	91% (88-94%)
Croup	68	500	88% (78-95%)	86% (82-89%)
Pneumonia	60	509	87% (75-94%)	85% (82-88%)
Primary upper respiratory tract disease	89	482	79% (69-87%)	80% (76-83%)
Bronchiolitis (patients aged < 2 years old)	131	26	84% (77-90%)	81% (61-93%)

1. Number of patients clinically diagnosed as having disease (Y) or not having disease (N).

2. As per FDA guidance, positive and negative percent agreement (rather than sensitivity and specificity) are used when a new test is compared to a non-reference standard such as a clinical diagnosis.

US Blinded Prospective Paediatric Clinical Study

SMARTCOUGH-C-2 Study

(ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT03392363)

- Double-blind, prospective study of 1,470 patients, aged 29 days to 12 years, presenting with signs and symptoms of respiratory disease at three US hospital sites (MGH, Cleveland Clinic and TCH)
- Comparison to clinical diagnosis (including CXR, lab tests) formed by clinical adjudication committee

Moschovis PP et al., A cough analysis smartphone application for diagnosis of acute respiratory illness in children, American Thoracic Society Conference 2019.

	Patients ¹		Positive Percent Agreement ² (95% CI)	Negative Percent Agreement ² (95% CI)
	Y	N		
Lower respiratory tract disease	412	775	73% (68-77%)	77% (74-80%)
Asthma/reactive airways disease	176	886	71% (64-78%)	86% (83-88%)
Asthma/reactive airways disease (children aged > 2years old)	177	779	75% (68-82%)	84% (82-87%)
Croup	29	1207	74% (53-87%)	74% (71-76%)
Primary upper respiratory tract disease	722	453	76% (73-79%)	70% (66-74%)
Pneumonia (Focal)	52	1027	67% (53-80%)	64% (61-67%)
Pneumonia	100	1150	63% (53-72%)	62% (59-65%)
Bronchiolitis (children aged < 2 years old)	42	89	76% (60-88%)	60% (59-70%)

1. Number of patients clinically diagnosed as having disease (Y) or not having disease (N).

2. As per FDA guidance, positive and negative percent agreement (rather than sensitivity and specificity) are used when a new test is compared to a non-reference standard such as a clinical diagnosis.

Australian Blinded Prospective Adult Clinical Study

Breathe Easy Adult Study

(ANZCTR: ACTRN12618001521213)

- Double-blind, prospective study of 979 subjects
- Comparison to clinical diagnosis (including CXR, CT, spirometry, lab tests) by expert clinicians

	Subjects ¹		Positive Percent Agreement ² (95% CI)	Negative Percent Agreement ² (95% CI)
	Y	N		
Lower respiratory tract disease	358	163	88% (84-91%)	89% (83-93%)
Pneumonia	159	163	86% (80-91%)	87% (80-91%)
Asthma exacerbation	46	73	89% (76-96%)	84% (73-91%)
COPD	117	381	86% (79-92%)	85% (81-89%)
COPD exacerbation	86	78	83% (73-90%)	91% (82-96%)

1. Number of patients clinically diagnosed as having disease (Y) or not having disease (N).

2. As per FDA guidance, positive and negative percent agreement (rather than sensitivity and specificity) are used when a new test is compared to a non-reference standard such as a clinical diagnosis.

Claxton S et al., Diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) exacerbations using a smartphone-based, cough-centred algorithm, European Respiratory Society International Congress 2019.

Porter P et al., Diagnosis of Lower Respiratory Tract Disease (LRTD) and Pneumonia Using a Smartphone-Based Cough-Centred Algorithm in an Adolescent and Adult Acute-Care Cohort, 24th Congress of the Asian Pacific Society of Respirology, 2019.

Porter P et al., Diagnosis of Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Using a Smartphone-Based Cough-Centred Algorithm in a Mixed Disease Acute-Care Cohort, 24th Congress of the Asian Pacific Society of Respirology, 2019.

Claxton S et al., Detection of Asthma Exacerbation in Adolescent and Adult Subjects with Chronic Asthma Using a Cough-Centred, Smartphone-Based Algorithm, ANZSRS/TSANZ Annual Scientific Meeting 2020.

Obstructive Sleep Apnoea Study

OSA SNOREAPP Study

- Blinded, prospective study of 582 patients (in sleep laboratory) and 238 patients (at-home)
- Comparison to PSG AASM Type I sleep study (in sleep laboratory) and PSG AASM Type II sleep study (at-home)

	Comparison to AASM Type I (in laboratory) sleep study					Comparison to AASM Type II (at-home) sleep study				
	Patients ¹		AUC	Sensitivity	Specificity	Patients ¹		AUC	Sensitivity	Specificity
	Y	N	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	Y	N	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
AHI ≥ 5/h (Mild)	507	47	0.90 (0.87-0.93)	84% (80-87%)	83% (69-92%)	212	26	0.91 (0.85-0.96)	85% (80-90%)	73% (52-88%)
AHI ≥ 15/h (Moderate)	346	205	0.88 (0.85-0.91)	80% (75-84%)	80% (73-85%)	126	92	0.91 (0.87-0.95)	83% (76-89%)	80% (71-88%)
AHI ≥ 30/h (Severe)	191	372	0.90 (0.87-0.93)	82% (76-87%)	82% (77-86%)	75	153	0.93 (0.90-0.96)	83% (72-90%)	90% (84-94%)

1. Number of patients clinically diagnosed as having disease (Y) or not having disease (N).